

QUAT KIT



Code 7057-01 | Drop Count, 1 Drop = 2, 5, 10 ppm

| QUANTITY | CONTENTS | CODE |
|----------|--|---------|
| 15 mL | *Phenolphthalein Indicator, 0.5% | *2258-E |
| 15 mL | *Sulfuric Acid, 0.5 N | *6090-E |
| 60 mL | Quat Titrating Solution | 3996-H |
| 30 mL | Toluidine Blue O Indicator | 3995-G |
| 60 mL | *EDTA Solution | *7117-H |
| 1 | Test Tube, 5-10-15-20-25 mL, plastic, w/cap | 0715 |
| 1 | Quat/Polyquat Endpoint Color Chart | 3613-CC |



*Reagent is a potential health hazard. **READ SDS:** lamotte.com
Emergency information:
Chem-Tel USA 1-800-255-3924
Int'l, call collect, 813-248-0585



To order individual reagents or test kit components, use the specified code number.

PROCEDURE

1. Rinse test tube (0715) with sample water. Fill with desired sample size selected from the table.

| Sample Size | Equivalence [ppm Per Drop] |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 25 mL | 1 drop = 2 ppm |
| 10 mL | 1 drop = 5 ppm |
| 5 mL | 1 drop = 10 ppm |

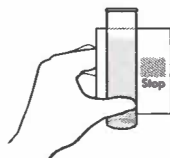
2. Add 5 drops *EDTA Solution (7117). Swirl to mix. NOTE: If the hardness of the sample is greater than 500 ppm, add 5 more drops of EDTA Solution.
3. Add 2 drops of *Phenolphthalein Indicator, 0.5% (2258). Swirl to mix. If colorless, proceed to Step 4. If pink, add *Sulfuric Acid, 0.5N (6090) dropwise, until the pink color disappears.
4. Add Toluidine Blue O Indicator (3995) as follows:

| | |
|--------------|-------------|
| 25 mL sample | add 8 drops |
| 10 mL sample | add 3 drops |
| 5 mL sample | add 2 drops |

Swirl to mix. Sample should turn light blue.

5. While swirling test tube, add Quat Titrating Solution (3996) one drop at a time, until color changes from blue to purple. Hold bottle vertically. For best

results, when the color change is first detected, use the Endpoint Color Chart (3613-CC) as shown to match the color of the solution exactly to the endpoint. Continue adding Quat Titrating solution one drop at a time until color matches endpoint. Count the number of drops added.



6. Calculate result in ppm.

25 mL sample: subtract three (3) from number of drops used in Step 5. Multiply by 2.

10 mL sample: subtract one (1) from number drops used in Step 5. Multiply by 5.

5 mL sample: subtract one (1) from number drops used in step 5. Multiply by 10.

Record as ppm Quat.

NOTE: The quat equivalence is based on n-alkyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, molecular weight 360. If a quat of different molecular weight is tested, multiply the equivalence by:

$$\text{equivalence} \times \frac{\text{molecular weight}}{360}$$